



# RADIATION THERAPY INFORMATION GUIDE

External radiation therapy for lymphoma

Name of my radiation oncologist:

Department phone no.: 418-691-5264

Consult this document on: www.chudequebec.ca/Radiotherapie\_lymphome

# Introduction

Your health condition requires you to have radiation therapy. This pamphlet contains information about:

- What radiation therapy is;
- The steps involved in planning your treatments;
- What will happen during your treatments;
- The possible side effects;
- Recommendations during treatments.

# The centre

The radiation oncology centre at CHU de Québec-Université Laval is a supraregional centre with a mission to:

- Provide quality treatments;
- Promote research;
- Participate in student training;
- Evaluate new technologies.

You may be asked to participate in research projects during your treatments. You may also be seen by students during your appointments. Students are always closely supervised by a health professional in their field.

#### Your team

- The radiation oncologist (your doctor) will meet you for a consultation. After reviewing your file, speaking to you and examining you, the doctor will decide whether you are a candidate for radiation therapy. He will oversee every step of your treatment.
- The nurse will be involved in assessing your physical and mental condition and will manage your symptoms during your treatments.
- Radiation therapists will be there to support you during your radiation therapy treatments (from preparation to administration).
- Depending on your condition, you may need to see other team members before or during your radiation therapy treatments, including a dentist, nutritionist, social worker, psychologist or pivot nurse.

# What is radiation therapy?

Radiation therapy is a treatment that uses high energy x-rays or electrons to treat tumours (benign or malignant).

A machine called a linear accelerator is placed near your body. This machine gives a predetermined dose of radiation at the part of the body where the tumour is located. It can be moved in different directions.



Your treatment team checks the machines daily to make sure they're accurate and working properly.

The goal of the treatment is to destroy the cancer cells, while protecting the surrounding healthy tissue as much as possible.

Radiation therapy is painless, odourless and invisible. As soon as the treatment is over, the machine stops releasing radiation. You will not become radioactive after your treatments, and there is no danger to anyone around you.

#### Radiation therapy and other treatments

For some types of tumours, radiation therapy is used on its own. In other cases, it is used in combination with chemotherapy.

The treatment choice is based on accepted practices and a joint decision between you and your doctors.



#### First visit

### Review of your medical file

In most cases, you will not have any treatment at your first radiation oncology visit. Your radiation oncologist will review your medical file and examine you, after which he will prescribe the appropriate treatment.

It's important to know that other steps need to be taken before your first treatment, which explains the delay between your first appointment and your first treatment.

At this visit, it's important to tell your doctor if you have an implantable electronic or other medical device (e.g., pacemaker, insulin pump, hearing aid). To avoid malfunction, manufacturers recommend removing some of these devices during pre-treatment examinations or treatments.



#### Second visit

#### Planification du traitement

Some accessories may be used to help you stay in this position.

These steps take anywhere from 40 to 75 minutes.

#### 1. Molding

If you need treatments to the head or neck area, a mask will be made to hold your head and neck still. This is needed to ensure the quality of your treatments.

The radiation therapists will help you find the most comfortable position for



your treatments. This is the same position that will be used for all your treatments. Therefore, it's important to mention any discomfort or pain. If you have a beard, you will need to shave it before the mask is made.

#### 2. CT scan

A CT scan will be done to pinpoint the area to be treated. It will give measurements to decide the best way to administer the radiation needed to treat your tumour.

You must lie completely still during the CT scan.

Your doctor may order a CT scan with contrast (iodine injection). If so, you'll be given the instructions for this test.

Marks will be drawn on your skin and on your mask (if you have one). They will be used as landmarks by the radiation therapists during your treatments. Don't worry—the marks are often bigger than the area to be treated.

• The red markings are temporary. You will need to keep them on throughout your treatments. Do not remove them, as they are needed to ensure accuracy.

#### A few tips:

- When washing, do not place your marks directly under the running water.
- Pat yourself dry with a towel. Do not rub the skin.
- The ink will stain clothing.

**If the marks look like they're fading**, call the radiation oncology department. We will tell you what to do.

**A few dots can be tattooed on your skin.** These are permanent, so there's no risk of them being washed off.



#### 3. Pre-treatment waiting period

After those exams, there will be a delay while the team plans your treatment. The radiation therapists will let you know how long this will take. It may take longer if your doctor is waiting for test results. In all cases, we will adhere to the standards set by the Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux.

You will be notified by phone of the date and time of your first treatment. Treatments can begin any day of the week.

# **Treatments**

#### Number of treatments required

The number of radiation therapy treatments depends on the assessment of your health condition and your file. This number is not a reflection of the seriousness of your cancer.

Treatments are usually given daily, five days a week, from Monday to Friday. They last from 1 to 8 weeks, depending on the type of cancer.

Your machine may be out of commission one day or two for maintenance. In that case, you will be notified a few days in advance.

You will meet other patients during your visits, but it's important to remember that your treatments are personalized and tailored to your individual needs.



#### **During the treatment**

You will always be greeted by radiation therapists. They are familiar with your treatment plan. They will take the time to answer your questions.

Based on the marks on your skin, you will be lined up under the machine in the proper position.

For accuracy reasons, it's important to lie very still during the treatments. However, you can breathe normally.

The radiation therapists will leave the room while the machine is running. They will be in an adjacent control room watching you on a screen. They can hear everything you say and speak to you over an intercom.

The radiation lasts only a few minutes. However, it takes about 20 minutes to get set up.

Verification images are taken at each treatment to check your position. They are not meant to see how your tumour is responding to treatment.



# Side effects

Radiation therapy is a treatment that can affect normal tissue and cause side effects.

Side effects vary significantly depending on the part of the body being radiated and on the dose used. Your radiation oncologist will take the time to explain any side effects you may experience during and after your treatments. Feel free to ask questions.

The side effects of radiation therapy can also be affected by chemotherapy. However, the effects of these other treatments will not be discussed here.

These side effects don't always happen. Their seriousness depends on the person, the type of disease, the dose of radiation, and the area treated.



Rarely, other side effects may occur that we cannot predict However, if you develop side effects that are causing discomfort, feel free to contact us.



# Medical follow-up

During your treatments, your radiation oncologist will meet with you about once a week. No appointments are necessary. A schedule is posted in the waiting room each week indicating the day your radiation oncologist will see you. This schedule will be explained at your first treatment.

#### Recommendations during treatments

#### General advice

- Tell the radiation therapist, the nurse or the radiation oncologist if you develop any side effects.
- Make sure you get plenty of rest but still stay active.
- Maintain your weight. If you notice that you've lost weight, it's important to mention this to your doctor.
- If you have the potential to get pregnant, use an effective method of birth control during your treatments.

#### Skin care



• As needed, apply a fragrance-free moisturizer at least once a day to the treated area.

#### Sun exposure and swimming



- Do not expose the treated area to the sun during treatments. After the treatments, you should use sunscreen to protect your skin if exposing it to the sun.
- Swimming: If your skin is not irritated/red, you can go swimming. **Make sure your markings don't come off.** If your skin is irritated, you can still go in the water, but don't get the treated area wet.
- Spa: Not recommended during treatments and within two weeks after treatments or until skin irritation has resolved.

#### Smoking

• You should abstain from smoking during your treatments and quit permanently afterwards. Support is available at www.tobaccofreequebec.ca/iquitnow or by calling 1-866 JARRETE (1-866-527-7383). You can also talk to your doctor or pharmacist about other resources to help you quit.

Notes		



#### Radio-oncologie

This guide contains recommendations consistent with the scientific information available at the time of publication in september 2023. However, these recommendations are no replacement for medical advice. If you have and questions, please speak to your health provider.

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